

# GCSE BIOLOGY

Topic Paper: 4.1 Photosynthesis  
Part 1 & 2 Mark Scheme

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## MARK SCHEME



**71 Marks**



<b>M1.</b>	(a) e.g.: competition for light because potamogeton plants taller competition for nutrients taller plants may have longer roots <i>each for 1 mark</i>	4	
	(b) descriptions of: measuring tape or similar quadrat method of estimating cover (inside quadrat) <i>each for 1 mark</i>	3	[7]
<b>M2.</b>	(a) use of quadrat / point frame <i>allow description</i>	1	
	<u>randomly</u> placed / <u>random</u> sampling <i>ignore reference to transects</i>	1	
	(b) (i) 6	1	
	(ii) more <u>light</u> in A / in field / where sunny <i>ignore sun</i>	1	
	more / better / faster photosynthesis in A / with more light <i>allow converse</i>	1	
	(iii) use light meter / measure light <u>intensity</u> in both habitats	1	
	take many measurements at same time of the day	1	
	<b>or</b>		
	laboratory / field investigation with 2 batches high light and low light (1)		
	count or number of flowers in each (1) <i>counting point is dependent on investigation point</i>		
	(c) more glucose / energy available <i>allow other named product eg protein</i> <i>allow if more energy produced</i>	1	



for growth

*dependent on 1<sup>st</sup> mark*

1

[9]

**M3.** (a) use of quadrat / point frame

*allow description*

1

randomly placed / random sampling

*ignore reference to transects*

1

(b) (i) 6

1

(ii) more light in A / in field / where sunny

*ignore sun*

1

more / better / faster photosynthesis in A / with more light

*allow converse*

1

(iii) use light meter / measure light intensity in both habitats

1

take many measurements at same time of the day

1

**or**

laboratory / field investigation with 2 batches high light and low light (1)

count or number of flowers in each (1)

*counting point is dependent on investigation point*

(c) more glucose / energy available

*allow other named product eg protein*

*allow if more energy produced*

1

for growth

*dependent on 1<sup>st</sup> mark*

1

[9]

**M4.** (a) (i) oxygen produced

1



(ii) any **one** from:

average / mean / median  
*ignore reliable / precise / accurate*

some may be anomalous  
*allow some may not float*

1

(b) (i) do **not** allow answers in terms of time only  
*if candidate answers in terms of comparing rate of change then the rate of change of photosynthesis must be in the correct direction for 1 mark*

any **two** from:

low intensity / below 12.5 / 2.5 - 12.5 (units of light) flat wrack / it, rate of photosynthesis faster **or** saw wrack rate of photosynthesis slower  
*allow any value in range*

high intensity / above 12.5 / 12.5 - 15 (units of light) flat wrack / it, rate of photosynthesis slower **or** saw wrack rate of photosynthesis faster  
*allow any value in range*

same (rate) at 12.5 units

2

(ii) any **two** from:

saw wrack receives less light  
*accept converse if clear reference to bladder wrack*

less photosynthesis  
*if first and second responses, 'less' needed only once*

**or**  
less carbohydrate / sugar / starch production

when tide is in **or** at high tide **or** any tide above low tide  
*accept saw wrack covered by water / submerged longer / more reference to position on shore is insufficient*

2

[6]

**M5.** (a) (i) to get data re position of seaweed / of organism

1

in relation to distance from sea / distance down shore / how long each seaweed was exposed

1



- (ii) repeat several times  
*minimum = 2 repeats* 1
- elsewhere along the shore 1
- (iii) bladder wrack is further up the shore (than the sea lettuce) / exposed for longer  
*ignore found in dry areas / on bare rock* 1
- sea lettuce (only) in rock pools / in the sea / (only) in water 1
- (b) gets more light / closer to light  
*allow better access to CO<sub>2</sub>* 1
- (so) more photosynthesis  
*allow 1 mark for light for photosynthesis*  
*allow 1 mark for CO<sub>2</sub> for photosynthesis*  
*ignore reference to oxygen for respiration*  
*'more' only needed once for 2 marks* 1

[8]

- M6.**
- (a) (i) increase (and then level off) **and** max / up to at 0.15 (%) (carbon dioxide)  
*ignore references to oxygen concentration only*  
*ignore mention of 23* 1
  - (ii) CO<sub>2</sub> is limiting at low CO<sub>2</sub> / at first  
*ignore specific numbers* 1
  - light is limiting at high CO<sub>2</sub> / at end 1
  - (b) **mark both parts together**
  - effect: (oxygen) falls 1
  - explanation: (oxygen) used for respiration  
**if no other marks awarded allow (effect) no change and (explanation) no photosynthesis for 1 mark** 1
  - (c) more chlorophyll / chloroplasts 1



allows more photosynthesis / description

*for both marks must refer to more at least once*

1

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**M7.** (a) 7.15 to 7.45 am and 7.15 to 7.45 pm

**both** required, either order  
*accept in 24 hr clock mode*

1

(b) (i) 11

1

(ii) 32.5 to 33

*allow answer to (b)(i) + 21.5 to 22*

1

(c) any **two** from:

more photosynthesis than respiration

more biomass / carbohydrate made than used

*allow more food made than used*

so plant able to grow / flower

*accept plant able to store food*

2

[5]

**M8.** (a) LHS – carbon dioxide / CO<sub>2</sub>

*allow CO2*

*ignore CO<sup>2</sup>*

1

RHS

*in either order*

glucose / carbohydrate / sugar

*allow starch*

*allow C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>12</sub>O<sub>6</sub> / C6H12O6*

*ignore C<sup>6</sup>H<sup>12</sup>O<sup>6</sup>*

1

oxygen

*allow O<sub>2</sub> / O2*

*ignore O<sup>2</sup> / O*

1



(b) any **five** from:

factor 1:  $\text{CO}_2$  (concentration)

effect - as  $\text{CO}_2$  increases so does rate and then it levels off or shown in a graph

explanation:

(graph increases) because  $\text{CO}_2$  is the raw material or used in photosynthesis / converted to organic substance / named eg

**or**

(graph levels off) when another factor limits the rate.

*accept points made via an annotated / labelled graph*

factor 2: temperature

*allow warmth / heat*

effect – as temperature increases, so does the rate and then it decreases or shown in a graph

*allow 'it peaks' for description of both phases*

explanation:

(rise in temp) increases rate of chemical reactions / more kinetic energy

*allow molecules move faster / more collisions*

**or**

(decreases) because the enzyme is denatured.

*context must be clear = high temperature*

*allow other factor plus effect plus explanation:*

*eg light wavelength / colour / pigments / chlorophyll / pH / minerals / ions / nutrients / size of leaves*

*2<sup>nd</sup> or 3<sup>rd</sup> mark can be gained from correct description and explanation*

5

[8]

**M9.** (a) LHS: carbon dioxide **AND** water

*in either order*

*accept  $\text{CO}_2$  **and**  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$*

*allow  $\text{CO}_2$  and  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$*

*if names given ignore symbols*

*do **not** accept  $\text{CO}^2$  /  $\text{H}^2\text{O}$  / Co / CO*

*ignore balancing*

1

RHS: sugar(s) / glucose / starch / carbohydrate(s)

*accept  $\text{C}_6\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_6$*

*allow  $\text{C}_6\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_6$*

*do **not** accept  $\text{C}^6\text{H}^{12}\text{O}^6$*

1



- (b) (i) light is needed for photosynthesis  
**or**  
no photosynthesis occurred (so no oxygen produced) 1
- (ii) oxygen is needed / used for (aerobic) respiration  
*full statement*  
*respiration occurs **or** oxygen is needed for anaerobic respiration*  
*gains 1 mark* 2
- (c) (i) (with increasing temperature) rise then fall in rate 1
- use of figures, ie  
max. production at 40 °C  
**or** maximum rate of 37.5 to 38 1
- (ii) 25 – 35 °C  
**either** faster movement of particles / molecules / more collisions  
**or** particles have more energy / enzymes have more energy 1
- or** temperature is a limiting factor over this range  
40 – 50 °C  
denaturation of proteins / enzymes  
*ignore denaturation of cells*  
*ignore stomata* 1
- (d) above 35 °C (to 40 °C) – little increase in rate  
**or** > 40 °C – causes decrease in rate 1
- so waste of money **or** less profit / expensive 1
- because respiration rate is higher at > 35 °C  
**or**  
respiration reduces the effect of photosynthesis 1

[12]