

GCSE PHYSICS

Topic Paper: 6.1 Waves in air, fluids and solids (longitudinal and transverse waves)

Part 1 & 2 Mark Scheme

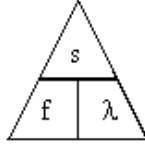
MARK SCHEME



74 Marks



- M1.** (i) speed = frequency \times wavelength
accept the equation rearranged
accept v or $s = f \times \lambda$
do not allow w for wavelength
do not accept



unless subsequent calculation correct

1

- (ii) 330 (m)
allow 1 mark for

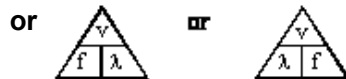
$$\lambda = \frac{300\,000\,000}{909\,000}$$

or $300\,000\,000 = 909\,000 \times \lambda$
or answer of 330000(m) or 330033(m)

2

[3]

- M2.** (i) (wave) speed = frequency \times wavelength
or any correctly transposed version
accept $v = f \times \lambda$
or transposed version
accept $m/s = 1 / s \times m$
or transposed version



but only if subsequently used correctly

1

- (i) 325

1

metres per second
or m / s or 0.325 km/s for 2 marks

1

[3]



- M3.** (a) 10^{-15} metres to 10^4 metres 1
- (b) (i) any **one** from:
- (TV / video / DVD) remote controls
mobile phones is insufficient
 - (short range) data transmission
accept specific example, eg linking computer peripherals
 - optical fibre (signals)
do not accept Bluetooth
- 1
- (ii) 0.17
- an answer 17 cm gains 3 marks*
 - an answer given to more than 2 significant figures that rounds to 0.17 gains 2 marks*
 - allow 1 mark for correct substitution, ie $3 \times 10^8 = 1.8 \times 10^9 \times \lambda$*
- 3
- (c) (maybe) other factors involved
- accept a named 'sensible' factor, eg higher stress / sedentary lifestyle / overweight / smoking more / diet / hot office / age*
 - not testing enough people is insufficient*
 - unreliable data is insufficient*
- 1
- [6]**
- M4.** (a) (i) gamma
- accept correct symbol*
- 1
- (ii) any **one** from:
- (ultraviolet has a) higher frequency
ultraviolet cannot be seen is insufficient
 - (ultraviolet has a) greater energy
 - (ultraviolet has a) shorter wavelength
ignore ultraviolet causes cancer etc
- 1
- (b) $1.2 \times 10^7 / 12\,000\,000$
- allow 1 mark for correct substitution, ie $3 \times 10^8 = f \times 25$*
- 2



hertz / Hz / kHz / MHz

do **not** accept hz or HZ

answers 12 000 kHz or 12 MHz gain 3 marks

for full credit the numerical answer and unit must be consistent

1

- (c) (i) away (from each other)
accept away (from the Earth)
accept receding

1

- (ii) distance (from the Earth)
accept how far away (it is)

1

speed galaxy is moving

1

- (iii) (Universe is) expanding

1

[9]

- M5. (a) (i) radio(waves)

1

- (ii) energy
correct answer only

1

- (b) (i) 0.0125 (m)
allow 1 mark for correct transformation and substitution

2

- (ii) make it hot(ter)
do **not** accept cook it
accept (air) particles inside ball will move faster
accept water in the ball gets hotter

1

- (iii) wavelength decreases
ignore reference to speed

1

frequency increases

1

[7]



M6.	(a) C or 0.18 mm	1	
	(b) 0.6 m <i>allow 1 mark for correct transformation and substitution</i> <i>allow 1 mark for changing frequency to Hz</i> <i>answer 600 gains 1 mark</i>	2	
	(c) creates an alternating current <i>accept 'ac' for alternating current</i> <i>accept alternating voltage</i>	1	
	with the same frequency as the radio wave <i>accept signal for radio wave</i>		
	or it gets hotter	1	
	(d) X-rays cannot penetrate the atmosphere <i>accept atmosphere stops X-rays</i> <i>do not accept atmosphere in the way</i>		
	or X-rays are absorbed (by the atmosphere) <i>before reaching Earth</i> <i>ignore explanations</i>	1	[6]

M7.	(a) C or 0.18 mm	1	
	(b) 0.6 (m) <i>allow 1 mark for correct substitution and/or transformation or 1</i> <i>mark for changing frequency to Hz</i> <i>answer 600 gains 1 mark</i>	2	
	(c) creates an alternating current <i>accept 'ac' for alternating current</i> <i>accept alternating voltage</i>	1	
	with the same frequency as the radio wave <i>accept signal for radio wave</i> <i>accept it gets hotter for 1 mark provided no other marks scored</i>	1	



- (d) X-rays cannot penetrate the atmosphere
accept atmosphere stops X-rays
*do **not** accept atmosphere in the way*

or

X-rays are absorbed (by the atmosphere) before reaching Earth
ignore explanations

1

[6]

- M8.** (a) (i) any **two** from:

travel at the same speed (through a vacuum)

accept travel at the speed of light

accept air for vacuum

can travel through a vacuum / space

*do **not** accept air for vacuum*

transfer energy

can be reflected

can be refracted

can be diffracted

can be absorbed

can be transmitted

transverse

accept any other property common to electromagnetic waves

accept travel at the same speed through a vacuum for both marks

*do **not** accept both radiated from the Sun*

2

- (ii) infra red

***both** required for the mark*

radio(waves)

accept IR for infra red

1

- (b) 2 400 000 000

correct transformation and substitution gains 1 mark

$$\text{ie } \frac{300000000}{0.125} \quad \text{or} \quad \frac{300000000}{12.5}$$

an answer of 24 000 000 gains 1 mark

***either** 2 400 000 kHz*

***or** 2 400 MHz scores 3 marks but the symbol only scores the 3rd mark if it is correct in every detail*

2



hertz

accept Hz

do not accept hz

1

- (c) (i) presented (scientific) evidence / data
do an experiment / investigation is insufficient

1

- (ii) to find out if there is a hazard (or not)
accept to find out if it is safe
accept not enough evidence to make a decision
not enough evidence is insufficient

1

[8]

- M9.** (i) all electromagnetic waves travel at the same speed through a vacuum, (so assume same speed in air)

accept 'all parts of spectrum' for electromagnetic waves

1

- (ii) 1500 (m)

allow 1 mark for correct transformation and substitution

allow 1 mark for using 200 000 Hz

answers 1 500 000 = 1 mark

2

- (iii) line drawn at correct position
anywhere between 1000 and next section (10 000)
accept their value for (a)(ii) drawn in the correct position

1

[4]

- M10.** (a) (i) the oscillation / vibration (causing the wave)
a movement causes the wave is insufficient

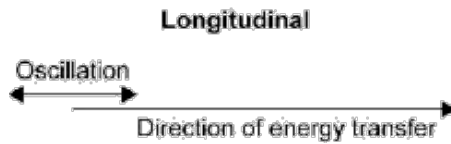
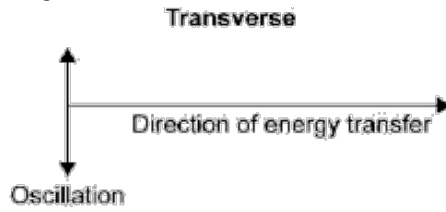
1

for a transverse wave is perpendicular to the direction of energy transfer
answers given in terms of direction of wave travel and not energy transfer for both types of wave, score 1 mark for these two mark points

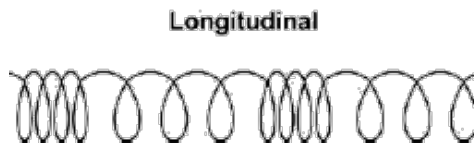
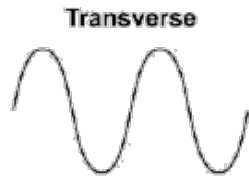
1



and for a longitudinal wave is parallel to the direction of energy transfer
the marks may be scored by the drawing of two correctly labelled diagrams ie



two labelled diagrams showing the general form of a transverse and longitudinal wave gain 1 mark if no other mark has been awarded eg



1

(ii) mechanical wave

accept specific examples, eg waves on a spring / slinky / seismic / earthquake waves

accept water waves

*do **not** accept shock waves*

1

(b) semicircular waves drawn

judged by eye

do not need to be full semicircles

ignore any rays

1

(c) sound (waves) will diffract (towards the person)

1



or

light (waves) do not diffract (towards the person)

(because) width of door way similar to / less than wavelength of sound (waves)

or

(because) width of doorway much greater than wavelength of light (waves)

a general statement that waves (only) diffract when the width of a gap is similar to the wavelength of the waves can be awarded 1 mark

1

[7]

M11. (a) any **two** from:

travel at the same speed (through a vacuum)

if a value is given it must be correct

accept air for vacuum

accept travel at the speed of light

can travel through a vacuum / space

*do **not** accept air for vacuum*

transfer energy

can be reflected

can be refracted

can be diffracted

can be absorbed

transverse

travel in straight lines

accept any other property common to electromagnetic waves

*accept travel at the same speed through a vacuum for **both** marks*

both radiated from the Sun is insufficient

2



(b) 0.19 (0)

accept any answer that rounds to 0.19

accept 0.2 for all 3 marks provided working is shown

0.2 without working gains 2 marks

allow 2 marks for a correct substitution and transformation using frequency in hertz

$$\text{ie wavelength} = \frac{300\,000\,000}{1575\,000\,000}$$

or

allow 1 mark for changing MHz to Hz

allow 1 mark for correct substitution using 1575 or incorrectly converted frequency

answers 190476 and 190000 gain 2 marks

3

(c) create an alternating current with the same frequency
(as the microwaves / signals / 1575 (MHz))

ignore reference to change in temperature

1

[6]

M12. (a) any **two** from:

travel (at same speed) through a vacuum / space

do not accept air for vacuum

transverse

transfer energy

can be reflected

can be refracted

can be diffracted

can be absorbed

travel in straight lines

2

(b) can pass through the ionosphere

accept atmosphere for ionosphere

do not accept air for ionosphere

accept travel in straight lines

accept not refracted / reflected / absorbed by the ionosphere

1

(c) diffraction (of waves around hills)

1

wavelength needs to be similar size to the obstacle / gap

1



radio has a long enough wavelength **or** TV doesn't have a long enough wavelength
an answer TV (waves / signals) have short wavelengths so do not diffract (around the hill) scores 2 marks

1

(d) $v = f \times \lambda$

$1.2 \times 10^6 / 1200\ 000$

allow 1 mark for correct substitution

ie $3.0 \times 10^8 = f \times 2.5 \times 10^2$

2

hertz / Hz

*do **not** accept hz **or** HZ*

*accept kHz **or** MHz*

*answers 1.2 MHz **or** 1200 kHz gain all 3 marks*

for full credit the unit and numerical value must be consistent

1

[9]